



## **A.17.0 Information Security Aspects of Business Continuity Management**

## Document Information

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## Version History

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## **Introduction**

The Integrated Research Campus (IRC) is a University of Leeds (UoL) IT Service. It provides secure technical infrastructure and services for research data handling, analytics, application processing and development.

## **Purpose**

This document sets out the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) within the IRC Information Security Management System (ISMS).

## **Applicability**

The Business Continuity Plans (BCP) are managed by the Secretariat and are mostly out of scope of the IRC ISMS. Testing the IRC BCP IT configuration(s) are in scope and must be completed by IT to ensure the plans are working effectively

## **A.17.0 Information Security Aspects of Business Continuity Management**

The purpose of this policy is to provide sufficient information to enable the IRC to restore full operational status, as quickly as possible, following any business interruption, regardless of its scale or impact.

The primary objective in the event of an interruption is to restore the availability and integrity of core services to a level which is satisfactory to our researchers and our clients.

### **A.17.1.1 Planning Information Security Continuity**

#### **A.17.1.1.1 Definition of a Critical Incident Requiring Business Continuity**

A critical incident may be defined as any event which threatens to severely disrupt (in whole or in part) the functioning of a faculty, service or the University as a whole, and/or which carries the risk of significant adverse publicity.

An incident would normally have the following features:

1. There are substantial threats to the safety or well-being of individuals or to the fabric or reputation of the institution and
2. The incident is likely, or has the potential, to lead to the suspension of normal operations.

A critical incident might require:

1. The calling out of the emergency services.

2. Special communications mechanisms.
3. Awareness that media interest could be high.

Examples of critical incidents include:

1. A major fire or explosion.
2. An occurrence or outbreak of a contagious disease, such as meningitis.

#### **A.17.1.1.1 University-wide Plan**

The Secretariat maintains the University's Critical Incident Management Plan (CIMP) and is responsible for assisting the University Secretary with the coordination of the institution's response to any critical, or potentially critical event.

#### **A.17.1.1.2 Leeds Institute for Data Analytics (LIDA) Specific plans**

LIDA maintains its own list of key contacts. The cascade is reviewed annually.

#### **A.17.1.1.3 IRC Specific Plans**

The following plans are in place:

1. Projects can request high availability protection and have multiple nodes clustered in different Data Centre's (section [A.17.2.1](#)). Systems can automatically failover to one of the other nodes.
2. Data snapshots of all servers are configured and systems can be recovered from key points in time. Refer to the Back up of Data policy (A.12.3.1).
3. In some cases, project data can be entirely sourced from third parties and may be re-extracted in the case of data loss.
4. Remote access to IRC confidential projects is available, should the building be inaccessible.

#### **A.17.1.2 Implementing Information Security Continuity**

The University BCP process, or the University IT incident management process are both out of scope for the ISMS. However on receiving an instruction from the appropriate IT response team, The Data Services Team (DST), will initiate any necessary IRC BCP actions.

#### **A.17.1.3 Verify, Review and Evaluate Information Security Continuity**

The DST, with support from the wider IT service will manage the following annual checks to review that business continuity systems are active and working correctly (Table [A.17.1.3.1](#)).

Table A.17.1.3.1. BCP tests carried out

| Task                             | Description  | Frequency |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| UPS Battery Checks               | Remove power and ensure UPS continues to provide power to end devices.         | Annually  |
| Server Failover Checks           | Fail over some servers to the secondary data centre.                           | Annually  |
| Disaster Tape/Snapshot Recovery  | Test the process of recovering a server from tape / snapshot.                  | Annually  |
| Check the Telephone Cascade List | Ensure the list is up to date and accurate (e.g. captures absence).            | Annually  |
| Test Remote Access               | Ensure that working from home is an option for critical staff and researchers. | Annually  |

## A 17.2 Redundancies

### A.17.2.1 Availability of Information Processing Facilities

Resilience has been built into the IRC data storage service. The configuration can allow a single copy, two copies synchronously replicated between on-site data centres. If requested, a third copy can be configured to asynchronously replicate off-site to York University.

Resilience is an option provided in the costing model, but it is the responsibility of Principal Investigators to decide the level of risk that they will accept versus the resilience they are prepared to pay for.